

## Индивидуальные домашние задания

### Идз-1 ДВОЙНОЙ И ТРОЙНОЙ ИНТЕГРАЛЫ

1 Изменить порядок интегрирования (сделать чертеж) в интегралах:

**1.1**

$$\int_{-2}^{-1} dy \int_{-\sqrt{2+y}}^0 f dx + \int_{-1}^0 dy \int_{-\sqrt{-y}}^0 f dx .$$

**1.3**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_0^y f dx + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} dy \int_0^{\sqrt{2-y^2}} f dx .$$

**1.5**

$$\int_{-\sqrt{2}}^{-1} dx \int_{-\sqrt{2-x^2}}^0 f dy + \int_{-1}^0 dx \int_x^0 f dy .$$

**1.7**

$$\int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} dy \int_0^{\arcsin y} f dx + \int_{1/\sqrt{2}}^1 du \int_0^{\arccos u} f dx .$$

**1.9**

$$\int_{-\sqrt{2}}^{-1} dx \int_0^{\sqrt{2-x^2}} f dy + \int_{-1}^0 dx \int_0^{x^2} f dy .$$

**1.11**

$$\int_{-2}^{-\sqrt{3}} dx \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^0 f dy + \int_{-\sqrt{3}}^0 dx \int_{\sqrt{4-x^2}}^0 f dy .$$

**1.13**

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} dy \int_0^{\sin y} f dx + \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} dy \int_0^{\cos y} f dx .$$

**1.2**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^0 f dx + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} dy \int_{-\sqrt{2-y^2}}^0 f dx .$$

**1.4**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} f dx + \int_1^2 dy \int_0^{\sqrt{2-y}} f dx .$$

**1.6**

$$\int_{-2}^{-1} dy \int_{-\sqrt{2+y}}^0 f dx + \int_{-1}^0 dy \int_0^{\sqrt{-y}} f dx$$

**1.8**

$$\int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} dy \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^e f dx + \int_1^e dy \int_{-1}^{-\ln y} f dx .$$

**1.10**

$$\int_0^1 dx \int_{1-x^2}^1 f dy + \int_1^e dx \int_{\ln x}^1 f dy$$

**1.12**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_0^{\sqrt[3]{y}} f dx + \int_1^2 dy \int_0^{2-y} f dx .$$

**1.14**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} f dx + \int_1^e dy \int_{\ln y}^1 f dx .$$

**1.15**

$$\int_{-2}^{-1} dx \int_{-(2+x)}^0 f dy + \int_{-1}^0 dx \int_{\sqrt[3]{x}}^0 f dy .$$

**1.17**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^0 f dx + \int_1^2 dy \int_{-\sqrt{2-y}}^0 f dx .$$

**1.19**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_{-y}^0 f dx + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} dy \int_{-\sqrt{2-y^2}}^0 f dx .$$

**1.21**

$$\int_{-2}^{-1} dy \int_{-(2+y)}^0 f dx + \int_{-1}^0 dy \int_{\sqrt[3]{y}}^0 f dx .$$

**1.23**

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} dx \int_0^{\sin x} f dy + \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} dx \int_0^{\cos x} f dy .$$

**1.25**

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} dx \int_{\sqrt{4-x^2}-2}^0 f dy + \int_{\sqrt{3}}^2 dx \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^0 f dy .$$

**1.27**

$$\int_{-\sqrt{2}}^{-1} dy \int_{-\sqrt{2-y^2}}^0 f dx + \int_{-1}^0 dy \int_y^0 f dx .$$

**1.29**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} f dx + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} dy \int_0^{\sqrt{2-y^2}} f dx .$$

**1.16**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_0^{y^3} f dx + \int_1^2 dy \int_0^{2-y} f dx .$$

**1.18**

$$\int_0^1 dy \int_0^y f dx + \int_1^e dy \int_{\ln y}^1 f dx$$

**1.20**

$$\int_0^1 dx \int_0^{x^2} f dy + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} dx \int_0^{\sqrt{2-x^2}} f dy .$$

**1.22**

$$\int_0^1 dx \int_0^{x^3} f dy + \int_1^2 dx \int_0^{2-x} f dy .$$

**1.24**

$$\int_0^1 dx \int_{-\sqrt{x}}^0 f dy + \int_1^2 dx \int_{-\sqrt{2-x}}^0 f dy .$$

**1.26**

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} dx \int_0^{2-\sqrt{4-x}} f dy + \int_{\sqrt{3}}^2 dx \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x}} f dy .$$

**1.28**

$$\int_0^1 dx \int_0^x f dy + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} dx \int_0^{\sqrt{2-y^2}} f dy .$$

**1.30**

$$\int_0^1 dx \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} f dy + \int_1^2 dx \int_0^{\sqrt{2-x}} f dy .$$

**2** Вычислить двойной интеграл по области  $D$ , ограниченной  
указанными линиями:

$$2.1 \quad \iint_D (12x^2y^2 + 16x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^2, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

$$2.2 \quad \iint_D (9x^2y^2 + 48x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.3 \quad \iint_D (36x^2y^2 - 96x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{y}, y = -x^3.$$

$$2.4 \quad \iint_D (18x^2y^2 + 32x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.5 \quad \iint_D (27x^2y^2 + 48x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^2, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.6 \quad \iint_D (18x^2y^2 + 32x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.7 \quad \iint_D (18x^2y^2 + 32x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

$$2.8 \quad \iint_D (27x^2y^2 + 48x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt{x}, y = -x^3.$$

$$2.9 \quad \iint_D (4xy + 3x^2y^2) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^2, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

$$2.10 \quad \iint_D (12xy + 9x^2y^2) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.11 \quad \iint_D (8xy + 9x^2y^2) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{x}, y = -x^3.$$

$$2.12 \quad \iint_D (24xy + 18x^2y^2) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.13 \quad \iint_D (12xy + 27x^2y^2) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^2, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.14 \quad \iint_D (8xy + 18x^2y^2) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.15 \quad \iint_D \left( \frac{4}{5}xy + \frac{9}{11}x^2y^2 \right) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

$$2.16 \quad \iint_D \left( \frac{4}{5}xy + 9x^2y^2 \right) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt{x}, y = -x^3.$$

$$2.17 \quad \iint_D (24xy - 48x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^2, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

$$2.18 \quad \iint_D (6xy + 24x^3y^3) dx dy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.19 \iint_D (4xy + 16x^3y^3) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{x}, y = -x^3.$$

$$2.20 \iint_D (4xy + 16x^3y^3) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.21 \iint_D (44xy + 16x^3y^3) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^2, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.22 \iint_D (4xy + 176x^3y^3) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.23 \iint_D (xy - 4x^3y^3) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

$$2.24 \iint_D (4xy + 176x^3y^3) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt{x}, y = -x^3.$$

$$2.25 \iint_D (6x^2y^2 + \frac{25}{3}x^4y^4) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

$$2.26 \iint_D (9x^2y^2 + 25x^3y^4) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.27 \iint_D (3x^2y^2 + \frac{50}{3}x^4y^4) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{x}, y = -x^3.$$

$$2.28 \iint_D (9x^2y^2 + 25x^4y^4) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.29 \iint_D (54x^2y^2 + 150x^4y^4) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^2, y = -\sqrt[3]{x}.$$

$$2.30 \iint_D (xy - 9x^5y^5) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = \sqrt[3]{x}, y = -x^2.$$

$$2.31 \iint_D (54x^2y^2 + 150x^4y^4) dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 1, y = x^3, y = -\sqrt{x}.$$

**3** Вычислить двойной интеграл по области  $D$ , ограниченной указанными линиями:

$$3.1 \iint_D ye^{xy/2} dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \ln 2, y = \ln 3, x = 2, x = 4.$$

$$3.2 \iint_D y^2 \sin \frac{xy}{2} dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{\pi}, y = \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$3.3 \iint_D y \cos xy dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \pi/2, y = \pi, x = 1, x = 2.$$

$$3.4 \iint_D y^2 e^{-xy/4} dxdy$$

$$D : x = 0, y = 2, y = x$$

- 3.5**  $\iint_D y \sin xy dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \pi/2, y = \pi, x = 1, x = 2.$
- 3.6**  $\iint_D y^2 \cos \frac{xy}{2} dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{\pi/2}, x = x/2.$
- 3.7**  $\iint_D 4ye^{2xy} dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \ln 3, y = \ln 4, x = \frac{1}{2}, x = 1.$
- 3.8**  $\iint_D 4y^2 \sin xy dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}, y = x.$
- 3.9**  $\iint_D y \cos 2xy dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \frac{\pi}{2}, y = \pi, x = \frac{1}{2}, x = 1.$
- 3.10**  $\iint_D y^2 e^{-xy/8} dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = 2, y = \frac{x}{2}.$
- 3.11**  $\iint_D 12y \sin 2xy dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \frac{\pi}{4}, y = \frac{\pi}{2}, x = 2, x = 3.$
- 3.12**  $\iint_D y^2 \cos xy dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{\pi}, y = x.$

- 3.13**  $\iint_D ye^{xy/4} dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \ln 2, y = \ln 3, x = 4, x = 8.$
- 3.14**  $\iint_D 4y^2 \sin 2xy dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{2\pi}, y = 2x.$
- 3.15**  $\iint_D 2y \cos 2xy dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \frac{\pi}{4}, y = \frac{\pi}{2}, x = 1, x = 2.$
- 3.16**  $\iint_D y^2 e^{-xy/2} dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{2}, y = x.$
- 3.17**  $\iint_D y \sin xy dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \pi, y = 2\pi, x = \frac{1}{2}, x = 1.$
- 3.18**  $\iint_D y^2 \cos 2xy dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}, y = \frac{x}{2}.$
- 3.19**  $\iint_D 8ye^{4xy} dxdy,$   
 $D : y = \ln 3, y = \ln 4, x = \frac{1}{4}, x = \frac{1}{2}.$
- 3.20**  $\iint_D 3y^2 e^{-xy/2} dxdy,$   
 $D : x = 0, y = 1, y = \frac{x}{2}.$

$$3.21 \iint_D y \cos xy dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \pi, y = 3\pi, x = 1/2, x = 1.$$

$$\iint_D y^2 e^{-xy/2} dxdy,$$

$$3.22 \iint_D y \sin 2xy dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 0, y = 1, y = \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$3.23 \iint_D y \sin 2xy dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \pi/2, y = 3\pi/2, x = 1/2, x = 2.$$

$$3.24 \iint_D y^2 \cos xy dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{\pi}, y = 2x.$$

$$3.25 \iint_D 6ye^{xy/3} dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \ln 2, y = \ln 3, x = 3, x = 6.$$

$$3.26 \iint_D y^2 \sin \frac{xy}{2} dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{\pi}, y = x.$$

$$3.27 \iint_D y \cos 2xy dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \pi/2, y = 3\pi/2, x = 1/2, x = 2.$$

$$3.28 \iint_D y^2 e^{-xy/8} dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \pi/2, y = 3\pi, x = 1, x = 3.$$

$$3.29 \iint_D 3y \sin xy dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \pi/2, y = 3\pi, x = 1, x = 3.$$

$$3.30 \iint_D y^2 \cos \frac{xy}{2} dxdy,$$

$$D : x = 0, y = \sqrt{2\pi}, y = 2x.$$

$$3.31 \iint_D 12ye^{6xy} dxdy,$$

$$D : y = \ln 3, y = \ln 4, x = 1/6, x = 1/3.$$

4. Вычислить тройной интеграл по области  $Q$ , ограниченной  
указанными линиями:

$$4.1 \iiint_Q 2y^2 e^{xy} dxdy, Q : \begin{cases} x = 0, y = 1, y = x, \\ z = 0, z = 1. \end{cases}$$

$$4.2 \iiint_Q x^2 z \sin(xyz) dxdydz,$$

$$Q : \begin{cases} x = 2, y = \pi, z = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.3 \iiint_Q y^2 \operatorname{ch}(2xy) dxdydz,$$

$$Q : \begin{cases} x = 0, y = -2, y = 4x, \\ z = 0, z = 2. \end{cases}$$

$$4.4 \iiint_Q 8y^2 ze^{2xyz} dxdydz,$$

$$Q : \begin{cases} x = -1, y = 2, z = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.5 \iiint_Q x^2 \operatorname{sh}(3xy) dxdydz,$$

$$Q : \begin{cases} x = 1, y = 2x, y = 0, \\ z = 0, z = 36. \end{cases}$$

$$4.6. \int \int \int_Q y^2 z \cos xyz dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = \pi, z = 2, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.7. \int \int \int_Q y^2 \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = -1, y = x/2, \\ z = 0, z = -\pi^2. \end{cases}$$

$$4.8. \int \int \int_Q x^2 z \sin \frac{xyz}{4} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = 2\pi, z = 4, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.9. \int \int \int_Q y^2 e^{-xy} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = -2, y = 4x, \\ z = 0, z = 1. \end{cases}$$

$$4.10. \int \int \int_Q 2y^2 z e^{xyz} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = 1, z = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.11. \int \int \int_Q y^2 \operatorname{ch}(2xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = 1, y = x, \\ z = 0, z = 8. \end{cases}$$

$$4.12. \int \int \int_Q x^2 z \operatorname{ch}(xyz) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 2, y = 1, z = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.13. \int \int \int_Q y^2 e^{xy/2} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = 2, y = 2x, \\ z = 0, z = -1. \end{cases}$$

$$4.14. \int \int \int_Q y^2 z \cos \frac{xyz}{3} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 3, y = 1, z = 2\pi, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.15. \int \int \int_Q y^2 \cos(\frac{\pi xy}{2}) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = -1, y = x, \\ z = 0, z = 2\pi^2. \end{cases}$$

$$4.16. \int \int \int_Q 2x^3 z \operatorname{sh}(xyz) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = -1, z = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, y = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.17. \int \int \int_Q y^2 \cos(\pi xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = 1, y = 0, \\ z = 0, z = 8. \end{cases}$$

$$4.18. \int \int \int_Q 2x^2 z \operatorname{ch}(2xyz) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 2, y = 1/2, z = 1/2, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.19. \int \int \int_Q x^2 \operatorname{sh}(2xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = -1, y = x, y = 0, \\ z = 0, z = 8. \end{cases}$$

$$4.20. \int\int\int_Q x^2 z \sin \frac{xyz}{2} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = 4, z = \pi, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.21. \int\int\int_Q y^2 \operatorname{ch}(xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = -1, y = x, \\ z = 0, z = 2. \end{cases}$$

$$4.22. \int\int\int_Q y^2 z \operatorname{ch}(xyz) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = 1, z = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.23. \int\int\int_Q x^2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 3, y = x, y = 0, \\ z = 0, z = \pi. \end{cases}$$

$$4.24. \int\int\int_Q y^2 z \cos \frac{xyz}{2} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 9, y = 1, z = 2\pi, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.25. \int\int\int_Q x^2 \sin(\pi xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = 2x, y = 0, \\ z = 0, z = 4\pi. \end{cases}$$

$$4.26. \int\int\int_Q y^2 z \operatorname{ch}(\frac{xyz}{2}) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 2, y = -1, z = 2, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.27. \int\int\int_Q y^2 \operatorname{ch}(3xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = 2, y = 6x, \\ z = 0, z = -3. \end{cases}$$

$$4.28. \int\int\int_Q 2y^2 z \operatorname{ch}(2xyz) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{2}, y = 2, z = -1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.29. \int\int\int_Q x^2 \sin(4\pi xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 1, y = x/2, y = 0, \\ z = 0, z = 8\pi. \end{cases}$$

$$4.30. \int\int\int_Q 8y^2 z e^{-xyz} dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 2, y = -1, z = 2, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$4.31. \int\int\int_Q x^2 \operatorname{sh}(xy) dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x = 2, y = x/2, \\ y = 0, z = 0, z = 1. \end{cases}$$

5 Вычислить тройной интеграл по области  $Q$ , ограниченной указанными линиями.

$$5.1. \int\int\int_Q x dx dy dz,$$

$$Q: \begin{cases} z = xy, z = 0, \\ y = 10x, y = 0, x = 1. \end{cases}$$

$$\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{(1 + \frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} + \frac{z}{8})},$$

**5.2.**  $Q: \begin{cases} \frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} + \frac{z}{8} = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q 15(y^2 + z^2) dxdydz,$$

**5.3.**  $Q: \begin{cases} z = x + y, x + y = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (3x + 4y) dxdydz,$$

**5.4.**  $Q: \begin{cases} y = x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = 5(x^2 + y^2), z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (1 + 2x^3) dxdydz,$$

**5.5.**  $Q: \begin{cases} y = 9x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = \sqrt{xy}, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (27 + 54y^3) dxdydz,$$

**5.6.**  $Q: \begin{cases} y = x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = \sqrt{xy}, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q y dxdydz,$$

**5.7.**  $Q: \begin{cases} y = 1, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = xy, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{(1 + \frac{x}{16} + \frac{y}{8} + \frac{z}{3})^5},$$

**5.8.**  $Q: \begin{cases} \frac{x}{16} + \frac{y}{8} + \frac{z}{3} = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (3x^2 + y^2) dxdydz,$$

**5.9.**  $Q: \begin{cases} z = 10x, y + x = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (15x + 30z) dxdydz,$$

**5.10.**  $Q: \begin{cases} z = x^2 + 3y^2, z = 0, \\ y = x, y = 0, x = 1. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (4 + 8z^3) dxdydz,$$

**5.11.**  $Q: \begin{cases} y = x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = \sqrt{xy}, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (1 + 2x^3) dxdydz,$$

**5.12.**  $Q: \begin{cases} y = 36x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = \sqrt{xy}, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q 21xz dxdydz,$$

**5.13.**  $Q: \begin{cases} y = x, y = 0, x = 2, \\ z = xy, z = 0. \end{cases}$

**5.14.**  $\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{10} + \frac{y}{8} + \frac{z}{3}\right)^6},$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x/10 + y/8 + z/3 = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\iiint_Q (x^2 + 3y^2) dxdydz,$$

**5.15.**  $\iiint_Q (60y + 90z) dxdydz,$

$$Q: \begin{cases} z = 10x, x + y = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\iiint_Q (\frac{10}{3}x + \frac{5}{3}) dxdydz,$$

**5.17.**  $\iiint_Q (9 + 18z) dxdydz,$

$$Q: \begin{cases} y = 9x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = \sqrt{xy}, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\iiint_Q (x + y) dxdydz,$$

**5.18.**  $\iiint_Q 3y^2 dxdydz,$

$$Q: \begin{cases} y = 4x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = \sqrt{xy}, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

**5.19.**  $\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{6} + \frac{y}{4} + \frac{z}{16}\right)^5},$

$$Q: \begin{cases} y = 2x, y = 0, x = 2, \\ z = xy, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

**5.20.**  $\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{4} + \frac{z}{6}\right)^4},$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x/2 + y/4 + z/6 = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\iiint_Q x^2 dxdydz,$$

**5.21.**  $\iiint_Q z = 10(x + 3y), x + y = 1, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0.$

$$\iiint_Q (8y + 12z) dxdydz,$$

**5.22.**  $\iiint_Q y = x, y = 0, x = 1, z = 3x^2 + 2y^2, z = 0.$

$$\iiint_Q 63(1 + 2\sqrt{y}) dxdydz,$$

**5.23.**  $\iiint_Q y = x, y = 0, x = 1, z = \sqrt{xy}, z = 0.$

$$\iiint_Q (x + y) dxdydz,$$

**5.24.**  $\iiint_Q y = x, y = 0, x = 1, z = 30x^2 + 60y^2, z = 0.$

$$\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{6} + \frac{y}{4} + \frac{z}{16}\right)^5},$$

**5.25.**  $\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{\left(1 + \frac{x}{6} + \frac{y}{4} + \frac{z}{16}\right)^5},$

$$Q: \begin{cases} x/6 + y/4 + z/16 = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\iiint_Q xyz dxdydz,$$

5.26.  $Q: \begin{cases} y = x, y = 0, x = 2, \\ z = xy, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q y^2 dxdydz,$$

5.27.  $Q: \begin{cases} z = 10(3x + y), x + y = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (5x + \frac{3z}{2}) dxdydz,$$

5.28.  $Q: \begin{cases} y = x, y = 0, x = 1, \\ z = x^2 + 15y^2, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q (x^2 + 4y^2) dxdydz,$$

5.29.  $Q: \begin{cases} z = 20(2x + y), x + y = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q \frac{dxdydz}{(1 + \frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{3} + \frac{z}{5})^6},$$

5.30.  $Q: \begin{cases} x/8 + y/3 + z/5 = 1, \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\iiint_Q x^2 z dxdydz,$$

5.31.  $Q: \begin{cases} y = 3x, y = 0, x = 2, \\ z = xy, z = 0. \end{cases}$

## Иод – 2 ГЕОМЕТРИЧЕСКИЕ И ФИЗИЧЕСКИЕ ПРИЛОЖЕНИЯ ДВОЙНЫХ И ТРОЙНЫХ ИНТЕГРАЛОВ

1 Найти площади фигуры, ограниченной данными линиями:

1.1  $y = 3/x, y = 4e^x, y = 3, y = 4.$

1.2  $x = \sqrt{36 - y^2}, x = 6 - \sqrt{36 - y^2}.$

1.3  $x^2 + y^2 = 72, 6y = -x^2 (y \leq 0).$

1.4  $x = 8 - y^2, x = -2y.$

1.5  $y = \frac{3}{x}, y = 8e^x, y = 3, y = 8.$

1.6  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}, y = \frac{1}{2x}, x = 16.$

1.7  $x = 5 - y^2, x = -4y.$

1.8  $x^2 + y^2 = 12, -\sqrt{6y} = x^2 (y \leq 0).$

1.9  $y = \sqrt{12 - x^2}, y = 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{12 - x^2}, x = 0 (x \geq 0).$

1.10  $y = \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x}, y = \frac{3}{2x}, x = 9.$

1.11  $y = \sqrt{24 - x^2}, 2\sqrt{3y} = x^2, x = 0 (x \geq 0).$

1.12  $y = \sin x, y = \cos x, x = 0 (x \geq 0).$

1.13  $y = 20 - x^2, y = -8x.$

1.14  $y = \sqrt{18 - x^2}, y = 3\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{18 - x^2}.$

1.15  $y = 32 - x^2, y = -4x.$

1.16  $y = 2/x, y = 5e^x, y = 2, y = 5.$

1.17  $x^2 + y^2 = 36, 3\sqrt{2y} = x^2 (y \geq 0).$

1.18.  $y = 3\sqrt{x}, y = 3/x, x = 4.$

1.19  $y = 6 - \sqrt{36 - x^2}, y = \sqrt{36 - x^2}, x = 0 (x \geq 0).$

1.20  $y = 25/-x^2, y = x - 5/2.$

$$1.21 \quad y = \sqrt{x}, y = 1/x, x = 16.$$

$$1.22 \quad y = 2/x, y = 7e^x, y = 2, y = 7.$$

$$1.23 \quad x = 27 - y^2, x = -6y.$$

$$1.24 \quad \sqrt{72 - y^2}, 6x = y^2, y = 0 (y \geq 0).$$

$$1.25 \quad y = \sqrt{6 - x^2}, y = \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{6 - x^2}.$$

$$1.26 \quad y = \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x}, y = \frac{3}{2x}, x = 4.$$

$$1.27 \quad y = \sin x, y = \cos x, x = 0 (x \leq 0).$$

$$1.28 \quad y = \frac{1}{x}, y = 6e^x, y = 1, y = 6.$$

$$1.29 \quad y = 3\sqrt{x}, y = 3/x, x = 9.$$

$$1.30 \quad y = 11 - x^2, y = -10x.$$

$$1.31 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 12, x\sqrt{6} = y^2 (x \geq 0).$$

2 Найти площади фигур, ограниченной данными линиями:

$$2.1. \quad y^2 - 2y + x^2 = 0, \quad y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0, \quad y = x/\sqrt{3}, \quad y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$2.2. \quad x^2 - 8x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$y = 0, y = x/\sqrt{3}.$$

$$y^2 - 6y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$2.3. \quad y^2 - 8y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$2.4. \quad x^2 - 8x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$y = 0, y = x.$$

$$y^2 - 8y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$2.5. \quad y^2 - 10y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$2.6. \quad x^2 - 8x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$y = 0, y = x.$$

$$y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$2.7. \quad y^2 - 6y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$y = x, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$2.8. \quad x^2 - 10x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$y = 0, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 6y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$2.9. \quad y^2 - 10y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$y = x, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$2.10. \quad x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 2y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$2.11. \quad y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0,$$

$$y = \sqrt{3x}, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$2.12. \quad x^2 - 6x + y^2 = 0,$$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.13.**  $y^2 - 6y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = \sqrt{3x}, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.14.**  $x^2 - 8x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 2y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.15.**  $y^2 - 6y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.16.**  $x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = 0, y = x/\sqrt{3}.$$

$$y^2 - 2y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.17.**  $y^2 - 10y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.18.**  $x^2 - 6x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = 0, y = x/\sqrt{3}.$$

$$y^2 - 2y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.19.**  $y^2 - 10y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.20.**  $x^2 - 6x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = 0, y = x.$$

$$y^2 - 2y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.21.**  $y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.22.**  $x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = 0, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 6y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.23.**  $y^2 - 8y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.24.**  $x^2 - 8x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = 0, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.25.**  $y^2 - 8y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.26.**  $x^2 - 8x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.27.**  $y^2 - 8y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = \sqrt{3x}, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 4x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.28.**  $x^2 - 6x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3x}.$$

$$y^2 - 2y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.29.**  $y^2 - 10y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, x = 0.$$

$$x^2 - 6x + y^2 = 0,$$

**2.30.**  $x^2 - 10x + y^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{3}x.$$

$$y^2 - 4y + x^2 = 0,$$

**2.31.**  $y^2 - 8y + x^2 = 0,$

$$y = x/\sqrt{3}, x = 0.$$

**3.** Пластиинка  $D$  задана ограничивающими ее кривыми,  $\rho$  – поверхностная плотность. Найти массу пластиинки.

**3.1.**  $D: x = 1, y = 0, y^2 = 4x(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x^2 + y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1, x^2 + y^2 = 4,$$

**3.2.**  $D: x = 0, y = 0, (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (x + y)/(x^2 + y^2)$$

**3.3.**  $D: x = 1, y = 0, y^2 = 4x(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x^2/2 + 5y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9, x^2 + y^2 = 16,$$

**3.4.**  $D: \begin{cases} x = 0, y = 0(x \geq 0, y \geq 0), \\ \rho = (2x + 5y)/(x^2 + y^2). \end{cases}$

**3.5.**  $D: x = 2, y = 0, y^2 = 2x(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x^2/8 + 2y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1, x^2 + y^2 = 16,$$

**3.6.**  $D: x = 0, y = 0, (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (x + y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

**3.7.**  $D: x = 2, y = 0, y^2 = x/2(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x^2/2 + 6y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4, x^2 + y^2 = 25,$$

**3.8.**  $D: x = 0, y = 0, (x \geq 0, y \leq 0),$

$$\rho = (2x - 3y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

**3.9.**  $D: x = 1, y = 0, y^2 = 4x(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = x + 3y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1, x^2 + y^2 = 9,$$

**3.10.**  $D: x = 0, y = 0(x \geq 0, y \leq 0),$

$$\rho = (x - y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

**3.11.**  $D: x = 1, y = 0, y^2 = x(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 3x + 6y^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9, x^2 + y^2 = 25,$$

**3.12.**  $D: x = 0, y = 0(x \leq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (2y - x)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

**3.13.**  $D: x = 2, y = 0, y^2 = x/2(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 2x + 3y^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4, x^2 + y^2 = 16,$$

**3.14.**  $D: x = 0, y = 0(x \leq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (2y - 3x)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

**3.15.**  $D: x = \frac{1}{2}, y = 0, y^2 = 8x(y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x + 3y^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9, x^2 + y^2 = 16,$$

3.16.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \leq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (2y - 5x)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

3.17.  $D: x = 1, y = 0, y^2 = 4x$

$$\rho = 7x^2 + 2y$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1, x^2 + y^2 = 16,$$

3.18.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \leq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (x + 3y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

3.19.  $D: x = 2, y^2 = 2x, y = 0 (y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x^2/4 + y/2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1, x^2 + y^2 = 4,$$

3.20.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (x + 2y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

3.21.  $D: x = 2, y = 0, y^2 = 2x (y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x^2/4 + y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1, x^2 + y^2 = 9,$$

3.22.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \geq 0, y \leq 0),$

$$\rho = (2x - y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

3.23.  $D: x = 2, y = 0, y^2 = x/2 (y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 7x^2/2 + 8y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1, x^2 + y^2 = 25,$$

3.24.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \geq 0, y \leq 0),$

$$\rho = (x - 4y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

3.25.  $D: x = 1, y = 0, y^2 = 4x (y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 6x + 3y^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4, x^2 + y^2 = 16,$$

3.26.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \geq 0, y \leq 0),$

$$\rho = (3x - y)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

3.27.  $D: x = 2, y = 0, y^2 = x/2,$

$$\rho = 4x + 6y^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4, x^2 + y^2 = 9,$$

3.28.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \leq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (y - 4x)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

3.29.  $D: x = 1/2, y = 0, y^2 = 2x (y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = 4x + 9y^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4, x^2 + y^2 = 9,$$

3.30.  $D: x = 0, y = 0 (x \leq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$\rho = (-2x)/(x^2 + y^2).$$

**№4.** Пластика D задана неравенствами,  $\rho$  – поверхностная плотность. Найти массу пластиинки.

4.1.  $D: x^2 + y^2/4 \leq 1,$

$$\rho = y^2.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/9 + y^2/4 \leq 2,$$

4.2.  $D: y \geq 0, y \leq \frac{2}{3}x,$

$$\rho = \frac{y}{x}.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/4 + y^2 \leq 25,$$

4.3.  $D: x \geq 0, y \geq x/2,$

$$\rho = x/y^3.$$

$$x^2/9 + y^2/25 \leq 1,$$

4.4.  $D$ :  $y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = x^2 y.$$

4.5.  $D$ :  $x^2/9 + y^2/25 \leq 1, y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 7x^2 y/18.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/4 + y^2 \leq 4,$$

4.6.  $D$ :  $y \geq 0, y \geq x/2$ ,

$$\rho = 8y/x^3.$$

4.7.  $D$ :  $x^2/9 + y^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 7xy^6.$$

4.8.  $D$ :  $x^2/4 + y^2 \leq 1$ ,

$$\rho = 4y^4.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/4 + y^2/9 \leq 4,$$

4.9.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq 3x/2$ ,

$$\rho = x/y.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/16 + y^2/4 \leq 4,$$

4.10.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq x/2$ ,

$$\rho = x/y.$$

$$x^2/4 + y^2/9 \leq 1,$$

4.11.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = x^3 y.$$

$$x^2/4 + y^2 \leq 1,$$

4.12.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 6x^3 y^3.$$

4.13.  $D$ :  $x^2/9 + y^2/4 \leq 1$ ,

$$\rho = x^2 y^2.$$

$$x^2/16 + y^2 \leq 1,$$

4.14.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 5xy^7.$$

$$x^2/4 + y^2 \leq 1,$$

4.15.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 30x^3 y^7.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/9 + y^2/4 \leq 3,$$

4.16.  $D$ :  $y \geq 0, y \leq \frac{2}{3}x$ ,

$$\rho = y/x.$$

4.17.  $D$ :  $x^2 + y^2/25 \leq 1, y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 7x^4 y.$$

4.18.  $D$ :  $x^2 + y^2/9 \leq 1, y \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 35x^4 y^3.$$

4.19.  $D$ :  $x^2/4 + y^2/9 \leq 1$ ,

$$\rho = x^2.$$

$$1 \leq x^2 + y^2/16 \leq 9,$$

4.20.  $D$ :  $y \leq 0, y \leq 4x$ ,

$$\rho = y/x^3.$$

4.21.  $D$ :  $x^2/9 + y^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0$ ,

$$\rho = 11xy^8.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/4 + y^2/16 \leq 5,$$

4.22.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq 2x$ ,

$$\rho = x/y.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/9 + y^2/4 \leq 5,$$

4.23.  $D$ :  $x \geq 0, y \geq 2x/3$ ,

$$\rho = x/y.$$

$$x^2/4 + y^2/9 \leq 1,$$

4.24.  $D: x \geq 0, y \geq 0,$

$$\rho = x^5 y.$$

4.25.  $D: x^2/4 + y^2/25 \leq 1,$

$$\rho = x^4.$$

$$x^2 + y^2/16 \leq 9,$$

4.26.  $D: x \geq 0, y \geq 0,$

$$\rho = 15x^5 y^3.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/4 + y^2/9 \leq 36,$$

4.27.  $D: x \geq 0, y \geq \frac{3}{2}x,$

$$\rho = 9x/y^3.$$

$$x^2/100 + y^2 \leq 1,$$

4.28.  $D: x \geq 0, y \geq 0,$

$$\rho = 6xy^9.$$

$$x^2/16 + y^2 \leq 1,$$

4.29.  $D: x \geq 0, y \geq 0,$

$$\rho = 105x^3 y^9.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/9 + y^2/16 \leq 2,$$

4.30.  $D: y \geq 0, y \leq \frac{4}{3}x,$

$$\rho = 27y/x^5.$$

$$1 \leq x^2/16 + y^2 \leq 3,$$

4.31.  $D: x \geq 0, y \geq x/4,$

$$\rho = x/y^5.$$

№5. Найти объем тела, заданного ограничивающими его поверхностями.

5.1.  $x + y = 4, y = \sqrt{2x},$   
 $z = 3y, z = 0.$

5.2.  $y = 16\sqrt{2x}, y = \sqrt{2x},$   
 $z = 0, x + z = 2.$

5.3.  $x^2 + y^2 = 2, y = \sqrt{x}, y = 0,$   
 $z = 0, z = 15x.$

5.4.  $y = 5\sqrt{x}, y = 5x/3,$   
 $z = 0, z = 5 + 5\sqrt{x/3}.$

5.5.  $x + y = 2, y = \sqrt{x},$   
 $z = 12y, z = 0.$

5.6.  $x = 20\sqrt{2y}, x = 5\sqrt{2y},$   
 $z = 0, z + y = 1/2.$

5.7.  $x = 5\sqrt{y/2}, x = 5y/6,$   
 $z = 0, z = \frac{5}{6}(3 + \sqrt{y}).$

5.8.  $x = \frac{5}{6}\sqrt{y}, x = \frac{5}{18}y,$   
 $z = 0, z = \frac{5}{18}(3 + \sqrt{y})$

5.9.  $x + y = 6, x = \sqrt{3y},$   
 $z = 4x/5, z = 0.$

5.10.  $x = 19\sqrt{2y}, x = 4\sqrt{2y},$   
 $z = 0, z + y = 2.$

5.11.  $x^2 + y^2 = 8, x = \sqrt{2y}, x = 0,$   
 $z = 30y/11, z = 0.$

5.12.  $x + y = 4, x = \sqrt{2y},$   
 $z = 3x/5, z = 0.$

**5.13.**  $y = 6\sqrt{3x}, y = \sqrt{3x},$   
 $z = 0, x + z = 3.$

**5.14.**  $y = \frac{5}{6}\sqrt{x}, y = \frac{5}{18}x,$   
 $z = 0, z = \frac{5}{18}(3 + \sqrt{x}).$

**5.15.**  $x^2 + y^2 = 18, y = \sqrt{3x}, y = 0,$   
 $z = 0, z = 5x/11.$

**5.16.**  $x + y = 6, y = \sqrt{3x},$   
 $z = 4y, z = 0.$

**5.17.**  $x = 7\sqrt{3y}, x = 2\sqrt{3y},$   
 $z = 0, z + y = 3.$

**5.18.**  $x = 5\sqrt{y/3}, x = 5y/9,$   
 $z = 0, z = 5(3 + \sqrt{y})/9.$

**5.19.**  $x^2 + y^2 = 18, x = \sqrt{3y},$   
 $x = 0, z = 0, z = 10y/11.$

**5.20.**  $x = 17\sqrt{2y}, x = 2\sqrt{2y},$   
 $z = 0, z + y = 1/2.$

**5.21.**  $y = \sqrt{15x}, y = \sqrt{15x},$   
 $z = 0, z = \sqrt{15}(1 + \sqrt{x}).$

**5.22.**  $x^2 + y^2 = 50, y = \sqrt{5x},$   
 $y = 0, z = 0, z = 3x/11.$

**5.23.**  $x + y = 8, y = \sqrt{4x},$   
 $z = 3y, z = 0.$

**5.24.**  $x = 16\sqrt{2y}, x = \sqrt{2y},$   
 $z + y = 2, z = 0.$

**5.25.**  $x = 15\sqrt{y}, x = 15y,$   
 $z = 0, z = 15(1 + \sqrt{y}).$

**5.26.**  $x^2 + y^2 = 50, x = \sqrt{5y},$   
 $x = 0, z = 0, z = 6y/11.$   
 $x^2 + y^2 = 2y,$

**5.27.**  $z = \frac{13}{4} - x, z = 0.$

**5.28.**  $z = \frac{9}{4} - x^2, z = 0.$

**5.29.**  $z = x^2 + y^2 - 64,$   
 $z = 0, (z \geq 0).$

**5.30.**  $x^2 + y^2 = 2y,$   
 $z = 5/4 - x^2, z = 0.$

**5.31.**  $x^2 + y^2 = 4x,$   
 $z = 12 - y^2, z = 0.$

### Изд-3 ВЕКТОРНЫЙ АНАЛИЗ

1 Найти поток векторного поля

$$\vec{a} = P(x; y; z)\vec{i} + Q(x; y; z)\vec{j} + R(x; y; z)\vec{k}$$

через часть плоскости  $P$ , расположенную в первом октанте (нормаль образует острый угол с осью  $Oz$ ).

1.1.  $\vec{a} = 7x\vec{i} + (5\pi y + 2)\vec{j} + 4\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y/2 + 4z = 1.$

1.2.  $\vec{a} = 2\pi x\vec{i} + (7y + 2)\vec{j} + 7\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y/2 + z/3 = 1.$

1.3.  $\vec{a} = 9\pi x\vec{i} + \vec{j} + 3z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x/3 + y + z = 1.$

1.4.  $\vec{a} = (2x + 1)\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + 3\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x/3 + y + 2z = 1.$

1.5.  $\vec{a} = 7x\vec{i} + 9\pi y\vec{j} + \vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y/3 + z = 1.$

1.6.  $\vec{a} = \vec{i} + 5y\vec{j} + 11\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y + z/3 = 1.$

1.7.  $\vec{a} = x\vec{i} + (\pi z - 1)\vec{k},$   
 $P: 2x + y/2 + z/3 = 1.$

1.8.  $\vec{a} = 5\pi x\vec{i} + (9y + 1)\vec{j} + 4\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x/2 + y/3 + z/2 = 1.$

1.9.  $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} - y\vec{j} + \frac{3\pi z}{2}\vec{k},$   
 $P: x/3 + y + z/4 = 1.$

1.10.  $\vec{a} = 9\pi x\vec{i} + (5y + 1)\vec{j} + 2\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: 3x + y + z/9 = 1.$

1.11.  $\vec{a} = 7\pi x\vec{i} + 2\pi y\vec{j} + (7z + 2)\vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y + z/2 = 1.$

1.12.  $\vec{a} = \pi y\vec{j} + (4z - 2)\vec{k},$   
 $P: 2x + y/3 + z/4 = 1.$

1.13.  $\vec{a} = (3\pi - 1)x\vec{i} + (9\pi y + 1)\vec{j} + 6\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: \frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3} + \frac{z}{9} = 1.$

1.14.  $\vec{a} = \pi x\vec{i} + \frac{\pi}{2}y\vec{j} + (4z - 2)\vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y/3 + z/4 = 1.$

1.15.  $\vec{a} = (5y + 3)\vec{j} + 11\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y/3 + 4z = 1.$

1.16.  $\vec{a} = 9\pi y\vec{j} + (7z + 1)\vec{k},$   
 $P: x + y + z = 1.$

1.17.  $\vec{a} = \pi y\vec{j} + (1 - 2z)\vec{k},$   
 $P: x/4 + y/3 + z = 1.$

1.18.  $\vec{a} = (27\pi - 1)\vec{i} + (34\pi y + 3)\vec{j} + 20\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: 3x + y/9 + z = 1.$

1.19.  $\vec{a} = \pi x\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 2\pi z\vec{k},$   
 $P: x/2 + y/3 + z = 1.$

1.20.  $\vec{a} = 4\pi x\vec{i} + 7\pi y\vec{j} + (2z + 1)\vec{k},$   
 $P: 2x + y/3 + 2z = 1.$

1.21.  $\vec{a} = 3\pi x\vec{i} + 6\pi y\vec{j} + 10\vec{k},$   
 $P: 2x + y + z/3 = 1.$

1.22.  $\vec{a} = \pi x\vec{i} - 2y\vec{j} + \vec{k},$   
 $P: 2x + y/6 + z = 1.$

1.23.  $\vec{a} = (21\pi - 1)\vec{i} + 62\pi y\vec{j} + (1 - 2\pi z)\vec{k},$   
 $P: 8x + y/2 + z/3 = 1.$

**1.24.**  $\vec{a} = \pi x \vec{i} + 2\pi y \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: x/2 + y/4 + z/3 = 1$ .

**1.25.**  $\vec{a} = 9\pi x \vec{i} + 2\pi y \vec{j} + 8\vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: 2x + 8y + z/3 = 1$ .

**1.26.**  $\vec{a} = 7\pi x \vec{i} + (4y+1) \vec{j} + 2\pi z \vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: x/3 + 2y + z = 1$ .

**1.27.**  $\vec{a} = 6\pi x \vec{i} + 3\pi y \vec{j} + 10\vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: 2x + y/2 + z/3 = 1$ .

**1.28.**  $\vec{a} = (\pi - 1)x \vec{i} + 2\pi y \vec{j} + (1 - \pi z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: x/4 + y/2 + z/3 = 1$ .

**1.29.**  $\vec{a} = \frac{\pi}{2} x \vec{i} + \pi y \vec{j} + (4 - 2z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: x + y/3 + z/4 = 1$ .

**1.30.**  $\vec{a} = 7\pi x \vec{i} + 4\pi y \vec{j} + 2(z+1) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: x/3 + y/4 + z = 1$ .

**1.31.**  $\vec{a} = 5\pi x \vec{i} + (1 - 2y) \vec{j} + 4\pi z \vec{k}$ ,  
 $P: x/2 + 4y + z/3 = 1$ .

**2.** Найти поток векторного поля

$$\vec{a} = P(x; y; z) \vec{i} + Q(x; y; z) \vec{j} + R(x; y; z) \vec{k}$$

через замкнутую поверхность  $\Omega$  (нормаль внешняя).

**2.1.**  $\vec{a} = (e^z + 2x) \vec{i} + e^x \vec{j} + e^y \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x + y + z = 1, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ .

**2.2.**  $\vec{a} = (3z^2 + x) \vec{i} + (e^x - 2y) \vec{j} + (2z - xy) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 = z^2, z = 1, z = 4$ .

**2.3.**  $\vec{a} = (\ln y + 7x) \vec{i} + (\sin z - 2y) \vec{j} + (e^y - 2z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2x + 2y + 2z - 2$ .

**2.4.**  $\vec{a} = (\cos z + 3x) \vec{i} + (x - 2y) \vec{j} + (3z - y^2) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: z^2 = 36(x^2 + y^2), z = 6$ .

**2.5.**  $\vec{a} = (e^{-z} - x) \vec{i} + (xz + 3y) \vec{j} + (z + x^2) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: 2x + y + z = 2, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ .

**2.6.**  $\vec{a} = (6x - \cos y) \vec{i} - (e^x + z) \vec{j} - (2y + 3z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 = z^2, z = 1, z = 2$ .

**2.7.**  $\vec{a} = (4x - 2y^2) \vec{i} + (\ln z - 4y) \vec{j} + (x + 3z/4) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2x + 3$ .

**2.8.**  $\vec{a} = (1 + \sqrt{z}) \vec{i} + (4y - \sqrt{x}) \vec{j} + xy \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: z^2 = 4(x^2 + y^2), z = 3$ .

**2.9.**  $\vec{a} = (\sqrt{z} - x) \vec{i} + (x - y) \vec{j} + (y^2 - z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: 3x - 2y + z = 6, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ .

**2.10.**  $\vec{a} = (yz + x) \vec{i} + (xz + 3y) \vec{j} + (xy^2 + z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2z, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ .

**2.11.**  $\vec{a} = (e^{2y} + x) \vec{i} + (x - 2y) \vec{j} + (y^2 + 3z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x - y + z = 1, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ .

**2.12.**  $\vec{a} = (\sqrt{z} - 2x) \vec{i} + (e^x + 3y) \vec{j} + \sqrt{y+x} \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 = z^2, z = 2, z = 5$ .

**2.13.**  $\vec{a} = (e^z + x/4) \vec{i} + (\ln x + y/4) \vec{j} + z/4 \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2x + 2y - 2z - 2$ .

**2.14.**  $\vec{a} = (3x - 2z) \vec{i} + (z - 2y) \vec{j} + (1 + 2z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: z^2 = 4(x^2 + y^2), z = 2$ .

**2.15.**  $\vec{a} = (e^y + 2x) \vec{i} + (x - y) \vec{j} + (2z - 1) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x + 2y + z = 2, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ .

**2.16.**  $\vec{a} = (x + y^2) \vec{i} + (xz + y) \vec{j} + (\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + z) \vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 = z^2, z = 2, z = 3$ .

**2.17.**  $\vec{a} = (e^y + 2x)\vec{i} + (xz - y)\vec{j} + (1/4)(e^{xy} - z)\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2y + 3$ .

**2.18.**  $\vec{a} = (\sqrt{z} + y)\vec{i} + 3x\vec{j} + (3z + 5x)\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: z^2 = 8(x^2 + y^2), \quad z = 2$ .

**2.19.**  $\vec{a} = (8yz - x)\vec{i} + (x^2 - 1)\vec{j} + (xy - 2z)\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: 2x + 3y - z = 6, \quad x = 0, \quad y = 0, \quad z = 0$ .

**2.20.**  $\vec{a} = (y + z^2)\vec{i} + (x^2 + 3y)\vec{j} + xy\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2x$ .

**2.21.**  $\vec{a} = (2yz - x)\vec{i} + (xz + 2y)\vec{j} + (x^2 + z)\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x - y + z = 1, \quad x = 0, \quad y = 0, \quad z = 0$ .

**2.22.**  $\vec{a} = (\sin z + 2x)\vec{i} + (\sin x - 3y)\vec{j} + (\sin y + 2z)\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 = z^2, \quad z = 3, \quad z = 6$ .

**2.23.**  $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2z + 3$ .

$$\vec{a} = (\sqrt{x} + 1 + x)\vec{i} + (2x + y)\vec{j} + (\sin x + z)\vec{k},$$

**2.24.**  $\Omega: \begin{cases} z^2 = x^2 + y^2, \\ z = 1. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = (5x - 6y)\vec{i} + (11x^2 + 2y)\vec{j} + (x^2 - 4z)\vec{k},$$

**2.25.**  $\Omega: \begin{cases} x + y + 2z = 2, \\ x = 0, \quad y = 0, \quad z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = (y^2 + z^2 + 6x)\vec{i} + (e^z - 2y + x)\vec{j} + (x + y - z)\vec{k},$$

**2.26.**  $\Omega: \begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = z^2, \\ z = 1, \quad z = 3. \end{cases}$

**2.27.**  $\vec{a} = \frac{1}{2}(x + z)\vec{i} + \frac{1}{4}(xz + y)\vec{j} + (xy - 2)\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4x - 2y + 4z - 8$ .

**2.28.**  $\Omega: \begin{cases} z^2 = 9(x^2 + y^2), \\ z = 3. \end{cases}$

**2.29.**  $\Omega: \begin{cases} x + 2y - 3z = 6, \\ x = 0, \quad y = 0, \quad z = 0. \end{cases}$

**2.30.**  $\vec{a} = (8x + 1)\vec{i} + (zx - 4y)\vec{j} + (e^x - z)\vec{k}$ ,  
 $\Omega: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2y$ .

**2.31.**  $\Omega: \begin{cases} 2x + 2y - z = 4, \\ x = 0, \quad y = 0, \quad z = 0. \end{cases}$

**3** Найти работу силы  $\vec{F} = P(x; y)\vec{i} + Q(x; y)\vec{j}$  при перемещении вдоль линии  $L$  от точки  $M(x; y)$  к точке  $N(x; y)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 - 2y)\vec{i} + (y^2 - 2x)\vec{j},$$

**3.1.**  $L$ : отрезок  $MN$ ,  
 $M(-4, 0)$ ,  $N(0, 2)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 + 2y)\vec{i} + (y^2 + 2x)\vec{j},$$

**3.2.**  $L$ : отрезок  $MN$ ,  
 $M(-4, 0)$ ,  $N(0, 2)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 + 2y)\vec{i} + (y^2 + 2x)\vec{j},$$

**3.3.**  $L$ :  $2 - \frac{x^2}{8} = y$ ,  
 $M(-4, 0)$ .  $N(0, 2)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (x+y)\vec{i} + 2x\vec{j},$$

**3.4.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 4 (y \geq 0),$

$$M(2,0), N(-2,0).$$

$$\vec{F} = x^3\vec{i} - y^3\vec{j},$$

**3.5.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 4,$

$$M(2,0), N(0,2).$$

$$\vec{F} = (x+y)\vec{i} + (x-y)\vec{j},$$

**3.6.**  $L: y = x^2,$

$$M(-1,1), N(1,1).$$

$$\vec{F} = x^2y\vec{i} - y\vec{j},$$

**3.7.**  $L:$  отрезок  $MN,$

$$M(-1,0), N(0,1).$$

$$\vec{F} = (2xy - y)\vec{i} + (x^2 + x)\vec{j},$$

**3.8.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 9 (y \geq 0),$

$$M(3,0), N(-3,0).$$

$$\vec{F} = (x+y)\vec{i} + (x-y)\vec{j},$$

**3.9.**  $L: x^2 + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1 (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$M(1,0), N(0,3).$$

$$\vec{F} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j},$$

**3.10.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 1 (y \geq 0),$

$$M(1,0), N(-1,0).$$

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 + y^2)\vec{i} + (x^2 - y^2)\vec{j},$$

**3.11.**  $L: \begin{cases} x, & \text{при } 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\ 2-x, & \text{при } 1 \leq x \leq 2, \end{cases}$

$$M(2,0), N(0,0).$$

$$\vec{F} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j},$$

**3.12.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 2 (y \geq 0),$

$$M(\sqrt{2},0), N(-\sqrt{2},0).$$

$$\vec{F} = xy\vec{i} + 2y\vec{j},$$

**3.13.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 1 (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$M(1,0), N(0,1).$$

$$\vec{F} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j},$$

**3.14.**  $L: 2x^2 + y^2 = 1 (y \geq 0),$

$$M\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0\right), N\left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0\right).$$

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 + y^2)(\vec{i} + 2\vec{j}),$$

**3.15.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = R^2 (y \geq 0),$

$$M(R,0), N(-R,0).$$

$$\vec{F} = (x + y\sqrt{x^2 + y^2})\vec{i} + (y - x\sqrt{x^2 + y^2})\vec{j},$$

**3.16.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 1 (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$M(1,0), N(-1,0).$$

$$\vec{F} = x^2y\vec{i} - xy^2\vec{j},$$

**3.17.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 4 (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$M(2,0), N(0,2).$$

$$\vec{F} = (x + y\sqrt{x^2 + y^2})\vec{i} + (y - x\sqrt{x^2 + y^2})\vec{j},$$

**3.18.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 16 (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$M(4,0), N(0,4).$$

$$\vec{F} = y^2\vec{i} - x^2\vec{j},$$

**3.19.**  $L: x^2 + y^2 = 9 (x \geq 0, y \geq 0),$

$$M(3,0), N(0,3).$$

$$\vec{F} = (x+y)^2 \vec{i} - (x+y)^2 \vec{j},$$

- 3.20.**  $L$ : отрезок  $MN$ ,  
 $M(1,0)$ ,  $N(0,1)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (x+y)^2 \vec{i} + y^2 \vec{j},$$

- 3.21.**  $L$ : отрезок  $MN$ ,  
 $M(2,0)$ ,  $N(0,2)$ .

$$\vec{F} = x^2 \vec{i},$$

- 3.22.**  $L$ :  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  ( $x \geq 0$ ,  $y \geq 0$ ),  
 $M(3,0)$ ,  $N(0,3)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (y^2 - y) \vec{i} + (2x + y) \vec{j},$$

- 3.23.**  $L$ :  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  ( $y \geq 0$ ),  
 $M(3,0)$ ,  $N(-3,0)$ .

$$F = xy \vec{i},$$

- 3.24.**  $L$ :  $y = \sin x$ ,  
 $M(\pi, 0)$ ,  $N(0, 0)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (xy - y^2) \vec{i} - x \vec{j},$$

- 3.25.**  $L$ :  $y = 2x^2$ ,  
 $M(0,0)$ ,  $N(1,2)$ .

$$\vec{F} = x \vec{i} + y \vec{j},$$

- 3.26.**  $L$ : отрезок  $MN$ ,  
 $M(1,0)$ ,  $N(0,3)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (xy - x) \vec{i} - \frac{x^2}{2} \vec{j},$$

- 3.27.**  $L$ :  $y = 2\sqrt{x}$ ,  
 $M(0,0)$ ,  $N(1,2)$ .

$$\vec{F} = -x \vec{i} + y \vec{j},$$

- 3.28.**  $L$ :  $x^2 + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$  ( $x \geq 0$ ,  $y \geq 0$ ),  
 $M(1,0)$ ,  $N(0,3)$ .

$$\vec{F} = -y \vec{i} + x \vec{j},$$

- 3.29.**  $L$ :  $y = x^3$ ,  
 $M(0,0)$ ,  $N(2,8)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 - y^2) \vec{i} + (x^2 + y^2) \vec{j},$$

- 3.30.**  $L$ :  $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$  ( $y \geq 0$ ),  
 $M(0,0)$ ,  $N(1,2)$ .

$$\vec{F} = (x - y) \vec{i} + \vec{j},$$

- 3.31.**  $L$ :  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  ( $y \geq 0$ ),  
 $M(2,0)$ ,  $N(-2,0)$ .

4 Найти циркуляцию векторного поля

$$\vec{a} = P(x; y; z) \vec{i} + Q(x; y; z) \vec{j} + R(x; y; z) \vec{k}$$

вдоль контура  $\Gamma$  (в направлении, соответствующем возрастанию параметра  $t$ ).

$$\vec{a} = y \vec{i} - x \vec{j} + z^2 \vec{k},$$

- 4.1**  $\Gamma$ :  $\begin{cases} x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos t, & y = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos t, \\ z = \sin t. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = -x^2 y^3 \vec{i} + \vec{j} + z \vec{k},$$

- 4.2**  $\Gamma$ :  $\begin{cases} x = \sqrt[3]{4} \cos t, & y = \sqrt[3]{4} \sin t, \\ z = 3. \end{cases}$

- $\vec{a} = (y - z)\vec{i} + (z - x)\vec{j} + (z - y)\vec{k},$
- 4.3.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = \sin t, \\ z = 2(1 - \cos t). \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = x^2\vec{i} + y\vec{j} - z\vec{k},$
- 4.4.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = (\sqrt{2} \sin t)/2, \\ z = (\sqrt{2} \cos t)/2. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = (y - z)\vec{i} + (z - x)\vec{j} + (z - y)\vec{k},$
- 4.5.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 4 \cos t, & y = 4 \sin t, \\ z = 1 - \cos t. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = 2y\vec{i} - 3x\vec{j} + x\vec{k},$
- 4.6.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = 2 - 2 \cos t - 2 \sin t. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = 2z\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$
- 4.7.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = 1. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = y\vec{i} + -x\vec{j} + z\vec{k},$
- 4.8.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = \sin t, \\ z = 3. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = x\vec{i} + z^2\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$
- 4.9.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = 2 \cos t - 2 \sin t - 1. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = 3y\vec{i} - 3x\vec{j} + x\vec{k},$
- 4.10.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 3 \cos t, & y = 3 \sin t, \\ z = 3 - 3 \cos t - 3 \sin t. \end{cases}$

- $\vec{a} = -x^2 y^3 \vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + xz\vec{k},$
- 4.11.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \sqrt{2} \cos t, & y = \sqrt{2} \sin t, \\ z = 1. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = 6z\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + xy\vec{k},$
- 4.12.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 3 \cos t, & y = 3 \sin t, \\ z = 3. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = z\vec{i} + y^2\vec{j} - x\vec{k},$
- 4.13.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \sqrt{2} \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = \sqrt{2} \cos t. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = x\vec{i} + 2z^2\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$
- 4.14.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = 3 \sin t, \\ z = 2 \cos t - 3 \sin t - 2. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = x\vec{i} - \frac{1}{3}z^2\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$
- 4.15.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = (\cos t)/2, & y = (\sin t)/3, \\ z = \cos t - (\sin t)/3 - 1/4. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = 4y\vec{i} - 3x\vec{j} + x\vec{k},$
- 4.16.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 4 \cos t, & y = 4 \sin t, \\ z = 4 - 4 \cos t - 4 \sin t. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = -z\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + zx\vec{k},$
- 4.17.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 5 \cos t, & y = 5 \sin t, \\ z = 4. \end{cases}$
- $\vec{a} = z\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$
- 4.18.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = 0. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = (y-z)\vec{i} + (z-x)\vec{j} + (x-y)\vec{k},$$

**4.19.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 3 \cos t, & y = 3 \sin t, \\ z = 2(1 - \cos t). \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = 2y\vec{i} - z\vec{j} + x\vec{k},$$

**4.20.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = \sin t, \\ z = 4 - \cos t - \sin t. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = xz\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k},$$

**4.21.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = \sin t, \\ z = \sin t. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = -x^2y^3\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$$

**4.22.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = \sin t, \\ z = 5. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = 7z\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + yz\vec{k},$$

**4.23.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 6 \cos t, & y = 6 \sin t, \\ z = 1/3. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = xy\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + y^2\vec{k},$$

**4.24.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = \sin t, \\ z = \sin t. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = x\vec{i} - z^2\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$$

**4.25.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, & y = 3 \sin t, \\ z = 4 \cos t - 3 \sin t - 3. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = (y-z)\vec{i} + (z-x)\vec{j} + (x-y)\vec{k},$$

**4.26.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = 3(1 - \cos t). \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = -2z\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + x^2\vec{k},$$

**4.27.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = (\cos t)/3, & y = (\sin t)/3, \\ z = 8. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = x\vec{i} - 3z^2\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$$

**4.28.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = 4 \sin t, \\ z = 2 \cos t - 4 \sin t + 3. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = x\vec{i} - 2z^2\vec{j} + y\vec{k},$$

**4.29.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = \cos t, & y = 4 \sin t, \\ z = 6 \cos t - 4 \sin t + 1. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = -x^2y^3\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} + x\vec{k},$$

**4.30.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = 4. \end{cases}$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{y}{3}\vec{i} - 3x\vec{j} + x\vec{k},$$

**4.31.**  $\Gamma : \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, & y = 2 \sin t, \\ z = 1 - 2 \cos t - 2 \sin t. \end{cases}$

**5** Найти дивергенцию векторного поля

$$\vec{a} = P(x; y; z)\vec{i} + Q(x; y; z)\vec{j} + R(x; y; z)\vec{k}.$$

**5.1.**  $\vec{a} = (x^2 - y)\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + \vec{k}.$

**5.2.**  $\vec{a} = zx\vec{i} - \vec{j} + y\vec{k}.$

**5.3.**  $\vec{a} = yz\vec{i} + 2xz\vec{j} + xy\vec{k}.$

**5.4.**  $\vec{a} = x\vec{i} + yz\vec{j} - x\vec{k}.$

**5.5.**  $\vec{a} = (x - y)\vec{i} + x\vec{j} - z\vec{k}.$

**5.6.**  $\vec{a} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}.$

**5.7.**  $\vec{a} = yz\vec{i} + 2xz\vec{j} + y^2\vec{k}.$

**5.8.** **5.8.**  $5\vec{a} = xy\vec{i} + yz\vec{j} + xz\vec{k}.$

**5.9.**  $\vec{a} = y\vec{i} + (1 - x)\vec{j} - z\vec{k}.$

**5.10.**  $\vec{a} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}.$

**5.11.**  $\vec{a} = 4x\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - xy\vec{k}.$

- 5.12.**  $\vec{a} = 2y\vec{i} - 3x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}$ .
- 5.13.**  $\vec{a} = -3z\vec{i} + y^2\vec{j} + 2y\vec{k}$ .
- 5.14.**  $\vec{a} = 2y\vec{i} + 5x\vec{j} + 3z\vec{k}$ .
- 5.15.**  $\vec{a} = 2y\vec{i} + 2xz\vec{j} - 2yz\vec{k}$ .
- 5.16.**  $\vec{a} = (x - y)\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}$ .
- 5.17.**  $\vec{a} = xz\vec{i} - \vec{j} + y\vec{k}$ .
- 5.18.**  $\vec{a} = 2yz\vec{i} + xz\vec{j} - x^2\vec{k}$ .
- 5.19.**  $\vec{a} = 4x\vec{i} - yz\vec{j} + x\vec{k}$ .
- 5.20.**  $\vec{a} = -y\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ .
- 5.21.**  $\vec{a} = y\vec{i} + 3x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}$ .
- 5.22.**  $\vec{a} = 2yz\vec{i} + xz\vec{j} + y^2\vec{k}$ .
- 5.23.**  $\vec{a} = (2 - xy)\vec{i} - yz\vec{j} - xz\vec{k}$ .
- 5.24.**  $\vec{a} = -y\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + 3z^2\vec{k}$ .
- 5.25.**  $\vec{a} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + 2z\vec{k}$ .
- 5.26.**  $\vec{a} = x^2\vec{i} + yz\vec{j} + 2z\vec{k}$ .
- 5.27.**  $\vec{a} = y\vec{i} - 2x\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}$ .
- 5.28.**  $\vec{a} = 3z\vec{i} - 2y\vec{j} + 2y\vec{k}$ .
- 5.29.**  $\vec{a} = (x + y)\vec{i} - x\vec{j} + 6\vec{k}$ .
- 5.30.**  $\vec{a} = 4\vec{i} + 3x\vec{j} + 3xz\vec{k}$ .
- 5.31.**  $\vec{a} = yz\vec{i} - xz\vec{j} + xy\vec{k}$ .

## ЛИТЕРАТУРА